

Gathering and Classification of Sports Injury Data

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Problem Statement

We want to create a function:



I can't believe I actually just witnessed a ballpark engagement gone wrong. He asked and it appeared she said no. She ran off and he walked off in a different direction. That could be a first.

8:38 PM · Jul 15, 2021 · Twitter Web App

61 Retweets 64 Quote Tweets 830 Likes





Tim Stebbins @tim_stebbins

Ross and a trainer came out to check on Wisdom, who appeared to hurt his right leg taking an up-and-in offering.

Stays in game and hits a hard lineout to 3B.

8:29 PM · Jun 22, 2021 · Twitter Web App

1 Retweet 3 Likes



$$H(X) \to Y$$

Where X is our dataset (text) and Y is our target variable (1 for injury report, 0 for not an injury report).

AutoSavn Off 2	$\int_{3}^{3} \sim \left(\frac{1}{4} \sim \left(\frac{9}{5} \right)^{2} \right)^{2} = \frac{1}{2} B$ historica	I_mlb_injury_list - Read-Only -	ch Q			Joe Dat-	፼ – ₽ ×
File Home Insert	Draw Page Layout Formula II P M Calibri $VII \sim A^{A} A$ B $I \cup V \sim \square V \land A$	A R W Y	General ✓ \$ ~ % 9 50 30	Conditional Format as Cell Formatting ~ Table ~ Styles ~	Insert Delete Format	∑ AutoSum ~ Ary ↓ Fill ~ Sort & Find & ∳ Clear ~ Filter ~ Select ~	Analyze Data
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(i) POSSIBLE DATA LOSS	Some features might be lost if you save t	his workbook in the comma-delimited (.csv) format. T	o preserve these features, save	it in an Excel file format. Don'	't show again Save As		×
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1	А	В	С	D	E	F	(G H	1	J	К	L	М	N	
1	player_id	Entry Type	e Current Date in	jury_desc	injury_up	od injury_st	at due_	back							
2	545358	Added	36:09.6 R	ecovering from September 2019 right hip surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
3	605121	Current	36:09.6 O	blique strain	Shut dow	n Out Inde	fir Mid-	April							
4	596043	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from February 2020 right elbow surgery	Placed o	n 60-Day l	nji	2020							
5	533167	Added	36:09.6 R	ecovering from April 2019 left ACL surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
6	621366	Current	36:09.6 L	eft elbow tightness	Expected	t Day-to-d	la Possi	ibly late Febru	lary						
7	430935	Current	36:09.6 L	eft shoulder soreness	Expected	l t Spring Tr	rai Possi	ibly April							
8	592833	Added	36:09.6 R	ecovering from March 2019 right knee surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
9	608349	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from April 2019 Tommy John surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
10	592387	Added	36:09.6 R	ecovering from August 2019 right hip surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
11	571945	Current	36:09.6 Fl	lexor tendon soreness in right arm	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai Possi	ibly April							
12	663855	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from June 2019 Tommy John surgery	Underwe	en 60-Day l	nj Possi	ibly 2020							
13	446399	Added	36:09.6 C	arpal tunnel syndrome in left arm	Throwing	g Spring Tr	ai Possi	ibly 2020							
14	5 1 9306	Added	36:09.6 R	ecovering from April 2019 left knee surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
15	611093	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from March 2019 Tommy John surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
16	467055	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from Sept. 2019 Tommy John surgery on right elbow	Ahead of	s Spring Tr	rai Possi	ibly May							
17	606625	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from September 2019 right shoulder surgery	Underwe	en 60-Day li	nji Possi	ibly late 2020							
18	605244	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from February 2020 right hip surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai TBD								
19	542881	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from June 2019 left knee surgery	Rehabbir	ng Spring Tr	rai Possi	ibly early 2020	0						
20	571980	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from September 2019 right knee surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
21	605182	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from February 2020 left knee surgery	Out 6-8 \	ve Spring Tr	rai Possi	ibly April							
22	571745	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from January 2020 sports hernia surgery, February 2020 back surgery	Out inde	fir Spring Tr	rai	2020							
23	613534	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from October 2019 right knee surgery	Placed o	n 60-Day li	nji Possi	ibly 2020							
24	608716	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from August 2019 right elbow surgery	Had right	e Spring Tr	rai	2020							
25	622098	Current	36:09.6 R	ecovering from March 2019 Tommy John surgery	Underwe	en Spring Tr	rai	2020							
20		<u> </u>		- Jaurein a farm August 2010 sieht all au sugara	ويربعه المعاليا	- c		2020							-

Lindemune Conine Tool

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historical_mlb_injury_list

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Problem Statement

It is only at the top of this pyramid where data on injury information is publicly available. At all other levels, MLB teams have their data private.

We'd like to use twitter so that we may greatly expand the usable injury data for analysis.



Problem Statement

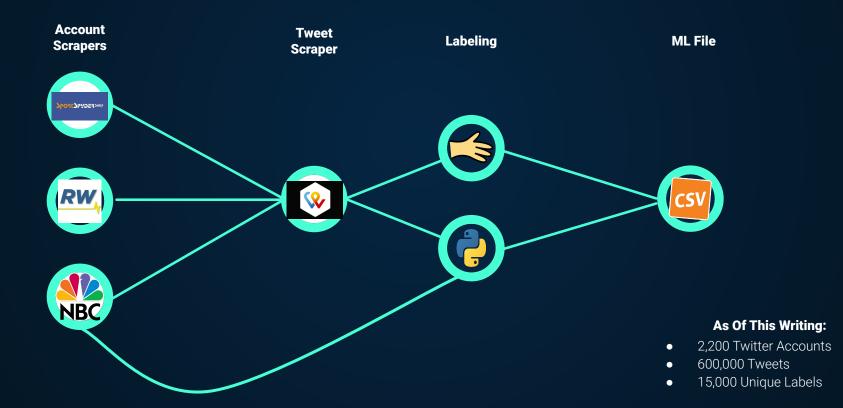
It is only at the top of this pyramid where data on injury information is publicly available. At all other levels, MLB teams have their data private.

We'd like to use twitter so that we may greatly expand the usable injury data for analysis.

Other important considerations:

- Utilize both labeled and unlabeled data. (Semi-Supervised / Multi-View Learning)
- Each cycle of gathering tweets and evaluating them preferably stays under 24 hours.

WEB SCRAPING PIPELINE



Results with Standard Models

Model	Data Type	Results			
kNN	TF-IDF	[[4060 92] [103 329]]			
Bernoulli NB	Boolean	[[3972 180] [43 389]]			
Multinom. NB	Count	[[3896 256] [34 398]]			
Logistic Regression	TF-IDF	[[3997 155] [47 385]]			
Random Forest	Boolean	[[3929 223] [68 364]]			
Random Forest	TF-IDF	[[3939 213] [72 360]]			
SVM	TF-IDF	[[4092 60] [87 345]]			

• 8-fold Cross Validation

Each model had:

- Stratified Sampling over same dataset
- Stop word removal and word stemming

Results with Standard Models

8-fold Cross Validation

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A variant of PCA called IPCA was also experimented with to see how a Dense NN would work on the data. However, it failed to apply to our use case.

Stop word removal and word

Stratified Sampling over same dataset

Results with Standard Models

Best: Multinomial Naive Bayes

Reason: Lowest false negative rate (34)

In our use case, we would check the output of all our tweets the model output as a 1 (true positives and false positives) before adding to our injury record.

The False Negatives would be lost in the tens of thousands of 0 outputs, so we'd like to avoid this.

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Results with Neural Networks

Each model had:

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etworks	Model	Epochs	Results	Sens.
model had:	XLNet	5	[[1485 32] [28 316]]	0.9212
Random samples of 6000 non-injury tweets to prevent imbalance issues Stop word removal and word	DistilBERT	3	[[1491 26] [30 312]]	0.9122
stemming Stratified train-test split on injury_report.	RoBERTa	3	[[1472 48] [22 225]]	0.9109
	XLM-RoBERTA	5	[[1475 46] [69 270]]	0.7964

<pre>DistilBertConfig { "_name_or_path": "distilbert-base-uncased", "activation": "gelu", "architectures": ["DistilBertForMaskedLM"], "attention_dropout": 0.1, "didm": 768, "dropout": 0.1, "hidden_dim": 3072, "initializer_range": 0.02, "max_position_embeddings": 512, "model_type": "distilbert", "n_heads": 12, "n_layers": 6, "pad_token_id": 0, "a_a_dropout": 0.1, "seq_classif_dropout": 0.2, "sinusoidal_pos_embds": false, "tie_weights_": true, "transformers_version": "4.9.2", "vocab_size": 30522 }</pre>	<pre>XLNetConfig { "_name_or_path": "xlnet-base-cased", "architectures": ["XLNetLMHeadModel"], "attn_type": "bi", "bi_data": false, "bos_token_id": 1, "clamp_len": -1, "d_head": 64, "d_inner": 3072, "d_model": 768, "dropout": 0.1, "end_n_top": 5, "eos_token_id": 2, "ff_activation": "gelu", "initializer_range": 0.02, "layer_norm_eps": 1e-12, "mem_len": null, "model_type": "xlnet", "n_head": 12, "n_layer": 12, "pad_token_id": 5, "reuse_len": null, "same_length": false, "start_n_top": 5, "summary_activation": "tanh", "summary_use_proj": true, "task_specific_params": { "text-generation": { "do_sample": true, "max_length": 250 } }, "transformers_version": "4.9.2", "use_mems_train": false, "vocab_size": 32000 }</pre>	<pre>RobertaConfig { "_name_or_path": "roberta-base", "architectures": ["RobertaForMaskedLM"], "attention_probs_dropout_prob": 0.1, "bos_token_id": 0, "eos_token_id": 2, "gradient_checkpointing": false, "hidden_act": "gelu", "hidden_dropout_prob": 0.1, "hidden_dropout_prob": 0.1, "hidden_size": 768, "initializer_range": 0.02, "intermediate_size": 3072, "layer_norm_eps": 1e-05, "max_position_embeddings": 514, "model_type": "roberta", "num_attention_heads": 12, "num_hidden_layers": 12, "pad_token_id": 1, "position_embedding_type": "absolute", "transformers_version": "4.9.2", "type_vocab_size": 1, "vocab_size": 50265 }</pre>	<pre>XLMRobertaConfig { "_name_or_path": "xlm-roberta-base", "architectures": ["XLMRobertaForMaskedLM"], "attention_probs_dropout_prob": 0.1, "bos_token_id": 0, "eos_token_id": 2, "gradient_checkpointing": false, "hidden_act": "gelu", "hidden_dropout_prob": 0.1, "hidden_dropout_prob": 0.1, "hidden_size": 768, "initializer_range": 0.02, "intermediate_size": 3072, "layer_norm_eps": 1e-05, "max_position_embeddings": 514, "model_type": "xlm-roberta", "num_attention_heads": 12, "noutput_past": true, "pad_token_id": 1, "position_embedding_type": "absolute", "transformers_version": "4.9.2", "type_vocab_size": 1, "vocab_size": 250002 }</pre>

Results with Neural Networks

DistilBERT: faster inference speed with slightly poor prediction metrics

XLNet: permutation based training handles dependencies well

Models	Sensitivity	Accuracy	Precision	mcc	Selectivity	F1 score
XL-Net	0.9186	0.9678	0.979	0.8935	0.979	0.9133
RoBERTa	0.911	0.9604	0.8242	0.8437	0.9684	0.8564
Distil-BERT	0.9123	0.9699	0.923	0.8992	0.9829	0.9176
LSTM	0.8863	0.9731	0.965	0.909	0.9927	0.924
GRU	0.8338	0.9613	0.9502	0.8676	0.9901	0.8882
XLM-RoBERTa	0.7965	0.9382	0.8544	0.7877	0.9698	0.8244

Results with Neural Networks

DistilBERT: faster inference speed with slightly poor prediction metrics

XLNet: Uses a modified language model training objective which learns conditional distributions for all permutations of tokens in a sequence. Permutation based training handles dependencies well

